

COOL WALLS U.S. NATURAL EXPOSURE PROGRAM: PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS OF 3-YEAR RESULTS

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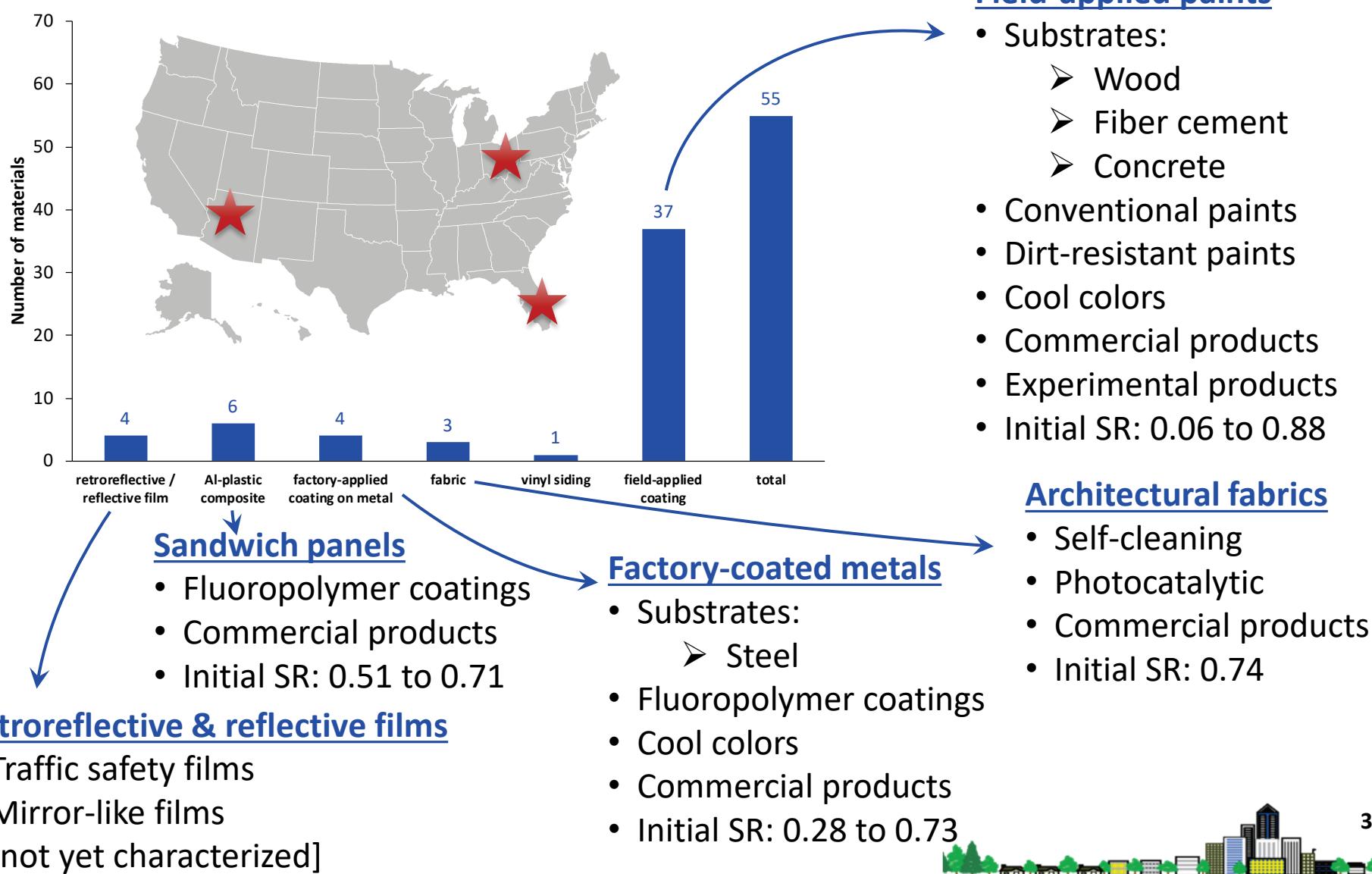
Wall Rating Steering Committee Meeting
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Scope and goals of the Cool Walls California & U.S. exposure programs

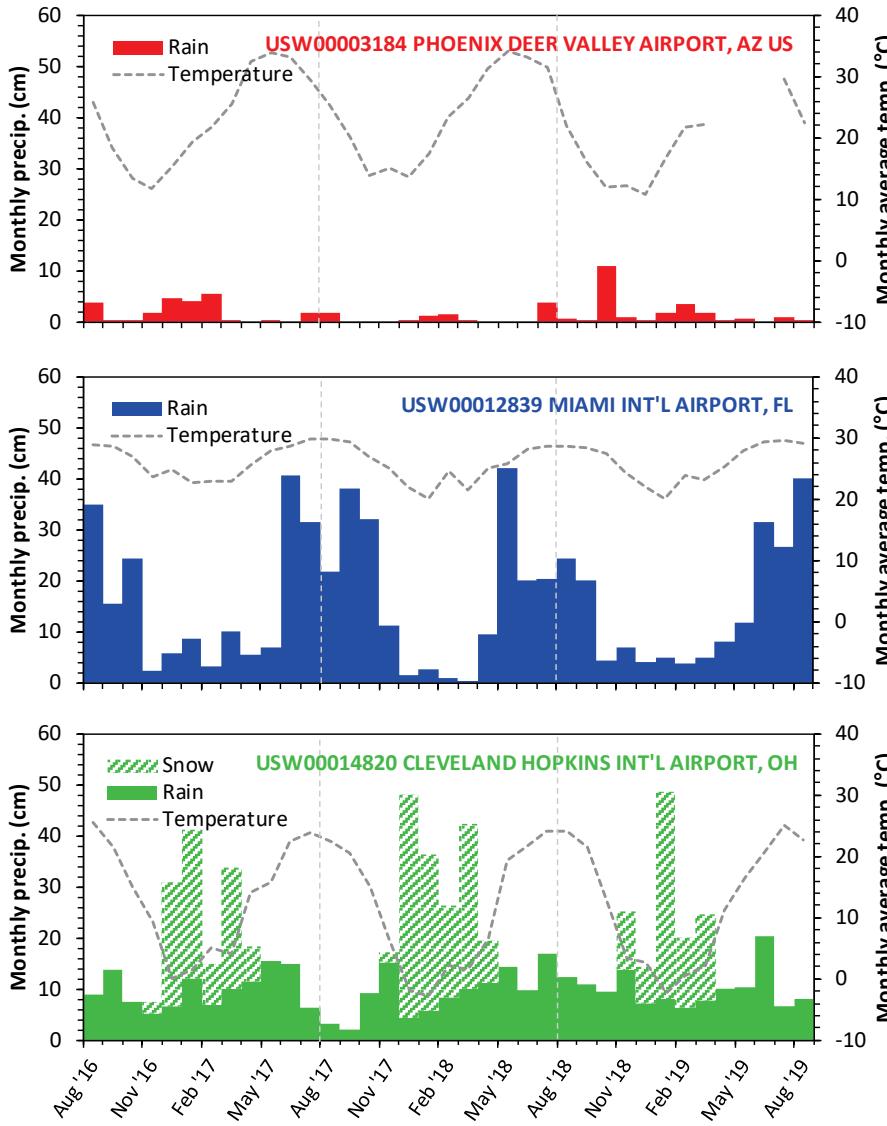
- Evaluate radiative performance of wall products
- Cover main types of wall materials and coatings typically used in residential and commercial construction
- Include low-, medium-, and high-albedo products
- Include both conventional and advanced/innovative materials (e.g., containing cool pigments, dirt-resistant formulations or self-cleaning functionalities)
- Include both commercial and experimental products
- Cover main California climate zones – later extended to three U.S. CRRC exposure sites in Arizona, Florida and Ohio
- Exposure duration: 2 years in California program; 5 years in national program



The 55 materials exposed in the US program encompass a wide variety of types, substrates, and technologies



Wall materials in the U.S. program were naturally weathered in Arizona, Florida, and Ohio (3rd of 5 years)



New River, Arizona

- Desert environment/climate
- Hot summers, mild/cool winters
- Dry, low humidity
- High levels of solar radiation
- Low levels of urban pollution

Miami, Florida

- Subtropical environment/climate
- Hot summers, mild/warm winters
- Wet, high humidity
- High levels of solar radiation

Medina, Ohio

- Northern temperate environment/climate
- Warm summers, cold winters
- Humid, no defined dry season
- Lower levels of solar radiation (relatively)
- Some urban pollution



Exposure began in Aug 2016, and we recently completed the third-year collection

Medina, OH
(~40 km from Cleveland)



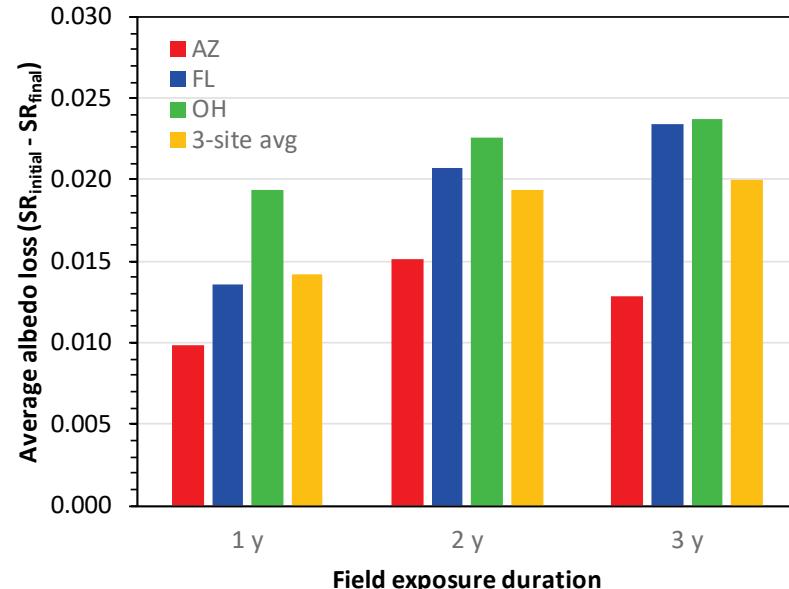
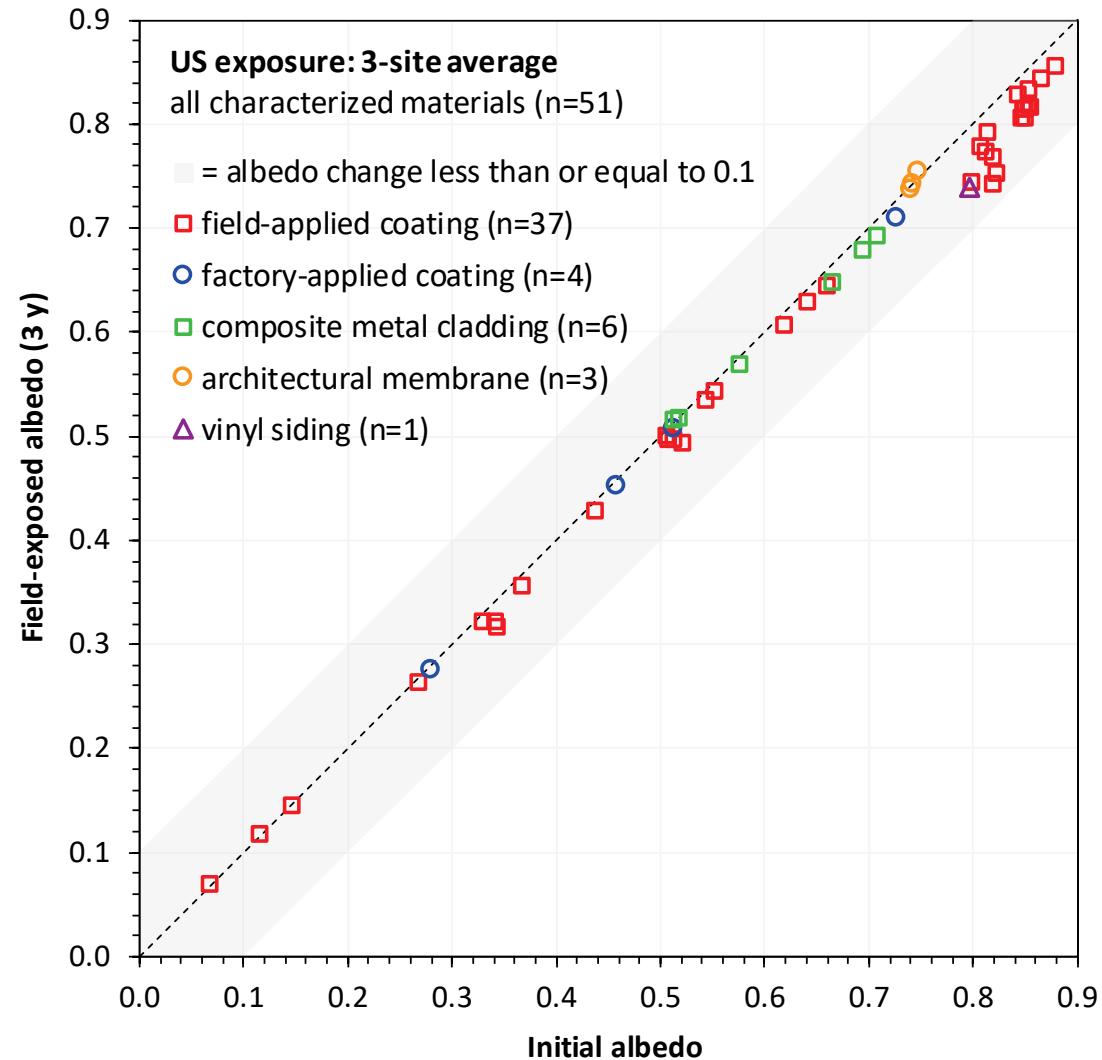
Site	1 yr	2 yr	3 yr	4 yr	5 yr
New River, AZ	✓	✓	✓	Aug '20	Aug '21
Miami, FL	✓	✓	✓	Aug '20	Aug '21
Medina, OH	✓	✓	✓	Aug '20	Aug '21

Rack rows are staggered to prevent washdown contamination from rain/moisture.

This **5-year study w/ annual collections** focuses on **long-term changes** in wall albedo



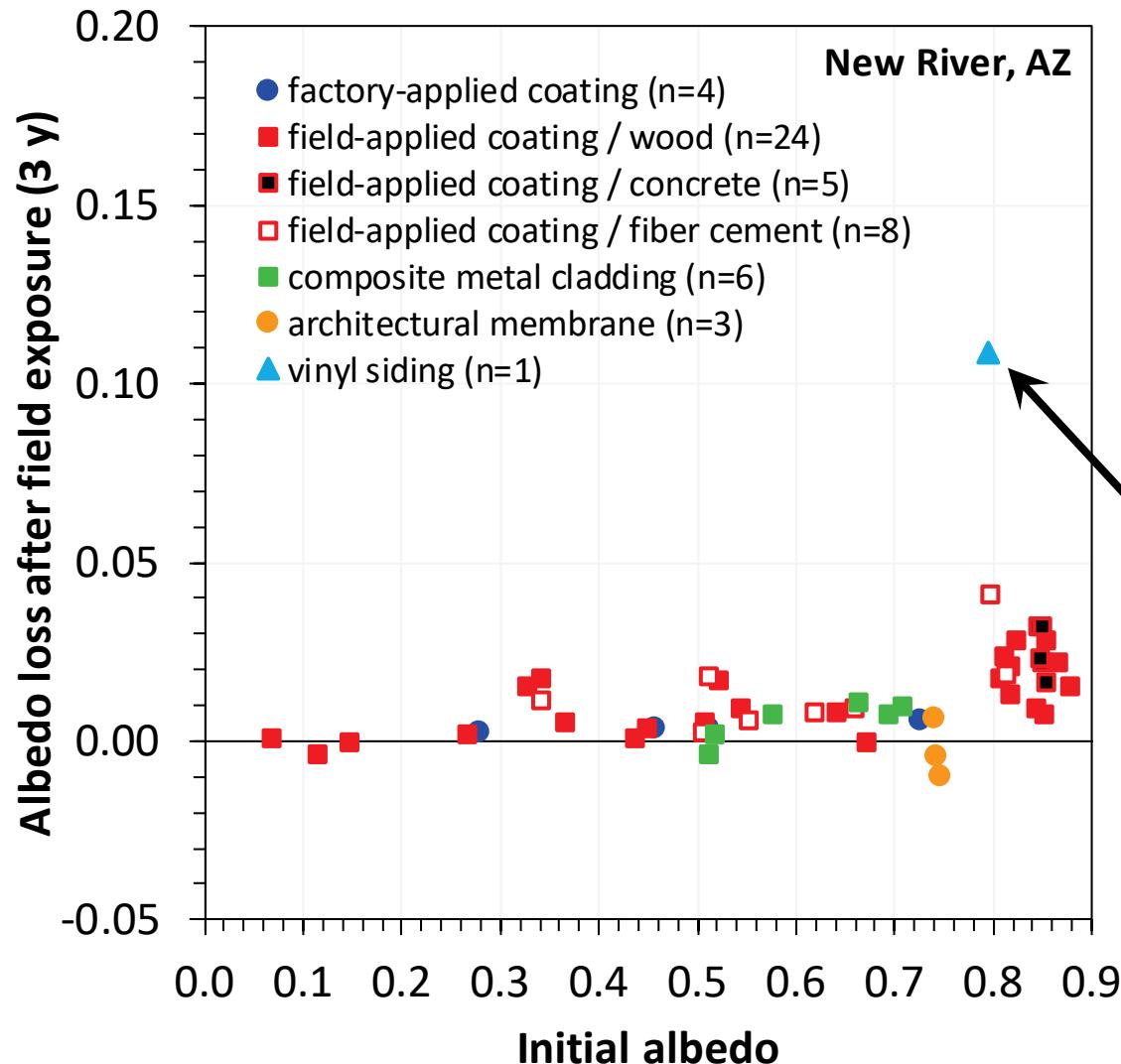
At the 3-year mark, a majority of the materials have exhibited little albedo change



- Average albedo loss across all 3 sites: 2 points ($\Delta SR = 0.02$)
- At year 3, we continue to see the same trends as identified in year 2:
 - Most materials tested exhibited trivial albedo change
 - The more significant instances of albedo loss were observed in white field-applied paints (FL, OH; soiling) and vinyl siding (AZ; yellowing)



At the 3-year mark, the average albedo loss of materials tested in AZ is 0.01

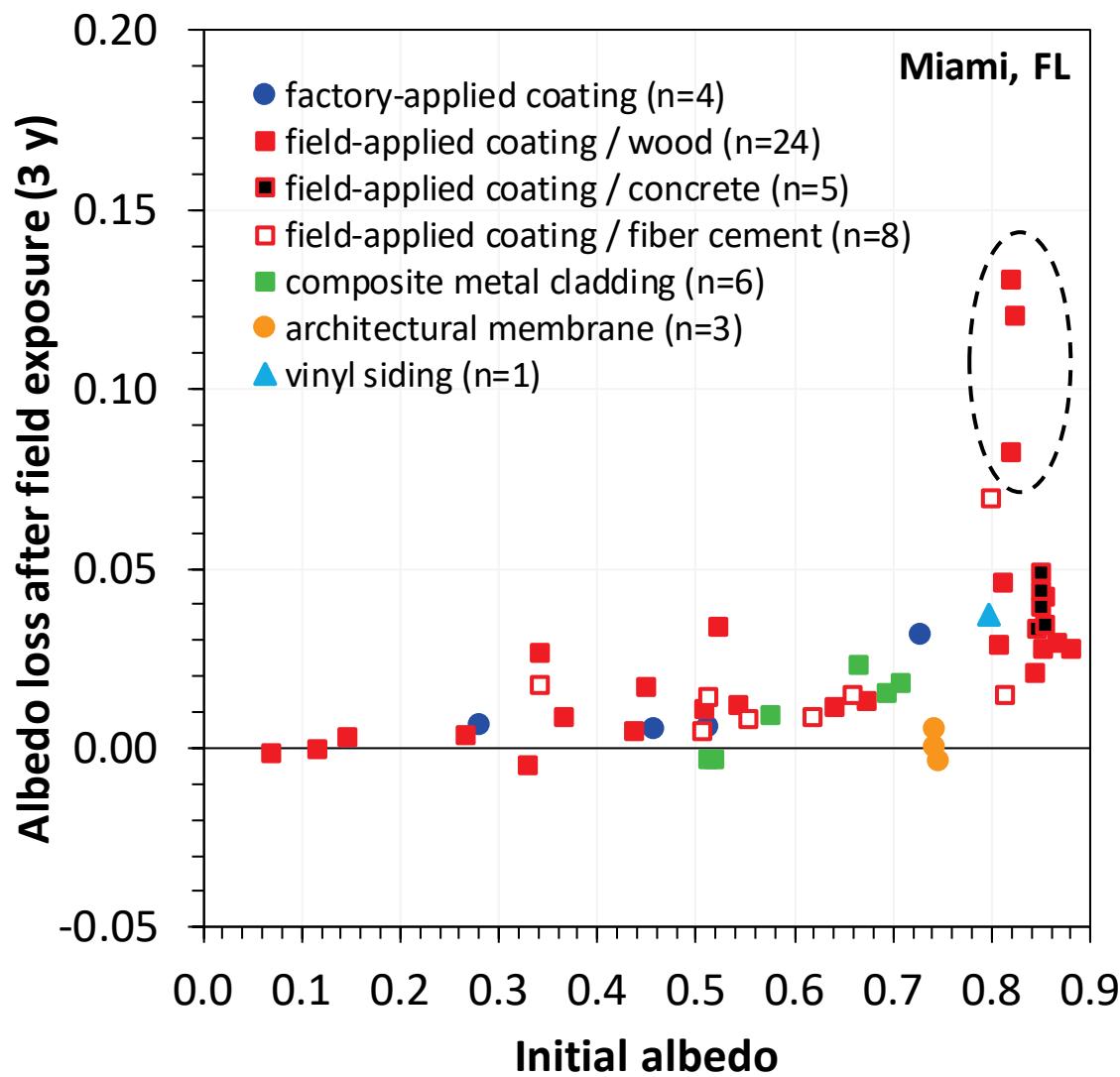


At the 3-year mark in Arizona, **50 of 51 materials exhibited albedo losses of less than 5 points ($\Delta SR < 0.05$)**

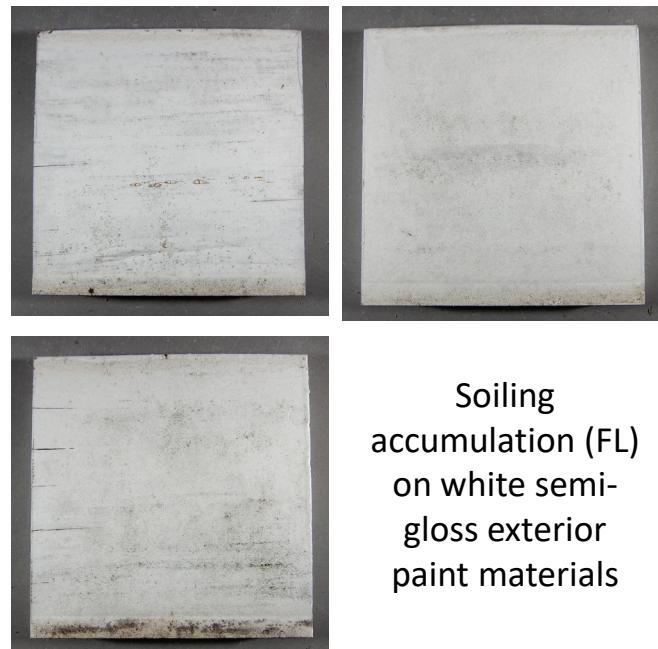


Yellowing of a white vinyl siding material

At the 3-year mark, the average albedo loss of materials tested in FL is 0.02

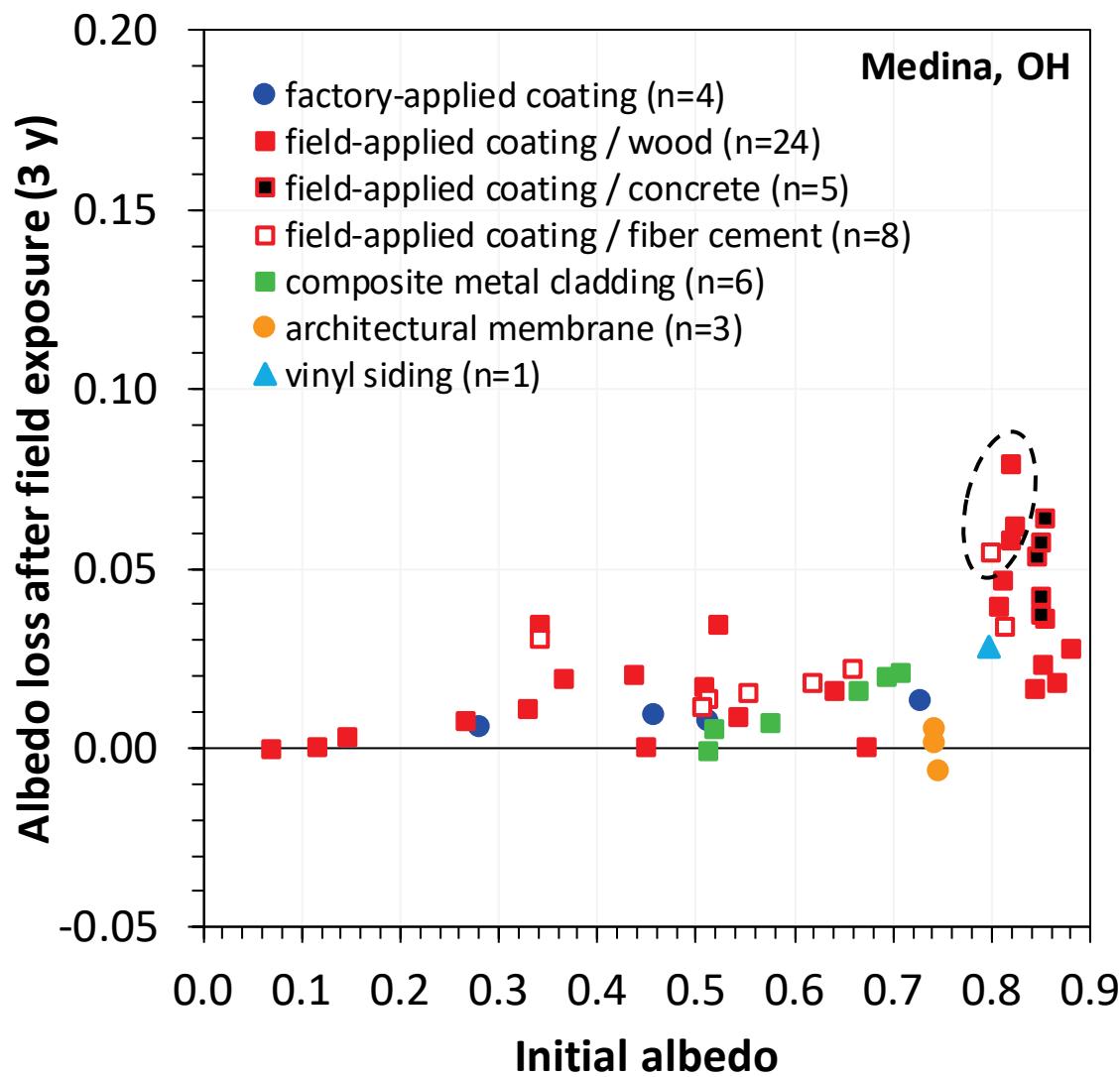


At the 3-year mark in Florida, **47 of 51 materials exhibited albedo losses of less than 5 points ($\Delta\text{SR} < 0.05$)**



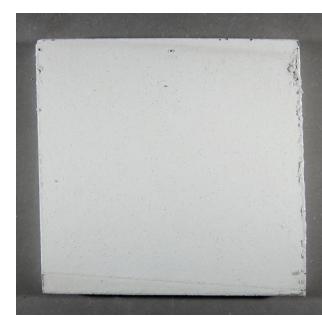
Soiling accumulation (FL)
on white semi-gloss exterior
paint materials

At the 3-year mark, the average albedo loss of materials tested in OH is 0.02



At the 3-year mark in Ohio:

- **44 of 51 materials exhibited albedo losses of less than 5 points ($\Delta\text{SR} < 0.05$)**
- **All 51 materials exhibited albedo losses of less than 8 points ($\Delta\text{SR} < 0.08$)**



Soiling accumulation (OH) on a white semi-gloss exterior paint (left), and a white matte exterior paint (right)



Next steps

- **CA program:** Continue with additional in-depth analyses of the current dataset.
- **U.S. program:** Continue retrieving specimens and analyzing results over next 2 years.
- Meet separately with each partner to **report in full detail** results obtained with their products in both the CA and U.S. exposure programs.
- **Report** to CEC aggregated results that preserve confidentiality of each product/manufacturer, unless explicitly waived.
- **Ultimate goal:** contribute to development of **infrastructure** that facilitates adoption of cool walls in U.S. construction.